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Digital Content & Cognitive Systems

Language Technologies

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- the European Union brings together 500 million people speaking many languages...
 - half of the EU adult population don't understand English
 - no such thing as a digital lingua franca since the advent of the social Web

EU policy framework: "Digital Agenda for Europe"

- ✓ build a digital single market where content & services can flow freely
 - ✓ support cross-border exchanges between public online services
 - ✓ enable internationalisation of SMEs...

but what if you don't understand what's being displayed?



EC has supported Language Technologies since 1980s

- a fresh start since 2008
 - renewed political commitment
 - explosion of online content, esp. social networks
 - sizeable industry of language services
 - promising technical advances
- approx 150 M funding in the last 5 years
- nearly 60 projects underway
- next call for project proposals in July



main features of our projects

- multi-party, multi-nation partnerships
 - member states, associated countries, 3rd countries
- academia + industry + "launching" users
- focus on enabling technology
- multiple languages
- impact
 - target groups, application scenarios, demonstrators
- > significant involvement of commercial players



main themes of our projects

"... <u>effective solutions</u> that support business and interpersonal communication and enable people to <u>make</u> <u>sense</u> of online content and services in Europe's many languages."

- content processing, eg automated <u>translation</u>
- mining of unstructured information, eg text <u>analytics</u>
- natural interaction, eg speech understanding & dialogue

in and between <u>multiple languages</u>



we struggle since 2009 to

- boost cross-national & -disciplinary partnerships
 - from 27 project proposals in 2009 ...
 - ... to 200 proposals in 2011 ...
- address gaps & weaknesses
 - in particular duplication & fragmentation
 - common research vision: needs, application scenarios, core technologies
 - reuse of basic R&D assets (data & tools)
 - technology transfer & deployment



- research: towards a federating vision & roadmap
 - META-NET (2010-2012)
- **business**: ease market uptake & deployment
 - LT-INNOVATE (2012-2014)
 - forum for business stakeholders esp. vendors
 - also, market data, value chains, non-technical barriers, demand & supply
- public sector: promote the use of LT by our own institution
 - inter-service group with major EC departments



genesis & rationale of LT-INNOVATE

- what's the purpose of pouring money into research if results don't reach the market?
 - useful research i.e. research for a known purpose
 - yielding useable although possibly imperfect technologies
 - which are exploited, including for commercial purposes
- so, what are the roadblocks, the technical & nontechnical barriers; how to connect the dots?
- how can we best integrate research & innovation within our programmes?



from LT research to global markets?

- plenty of teaching & learning; a lot of local, narrow, publicationdriven research; small teams, limited ambition
- national public funding either inexistent or aimed at ICT at large, culture, audiovisual, ...
- national funding favours research over engineering & experimentation
- no public procurement
- ~500 SMEs (est.) acting as technology/solution vendors, sometimes with insufficient access to market or financial muscle
- few pure LT applications, mostly embedded technologies, hence little visibility vis-à-vis a majority of buyers, analysts, sponsors/investors ...



completing the current programme (2012-13)

- last series of calls in July, 4 topics:
 - 1) (cross-media) content analytics
 - 2) (high-quality) automated translation
 - 3) (speech-enabled) multimodal interaction
 - 4) industrialisation of promising technologies

launching the new programmes (2014-2020)

- a. Horizon 2020 (H2020), research & innovation
- b. Connecting Europe Facility (CEF), pan-European service platforms
 - → concrete orientations by Q1 2013



last series of calls under the current programme:

- Challenge 4 Digital Content & Languages of the ICT work programme 2012-2013, released in July
 - Call-10: open Jul 12; close Jan 13; budget: 27 M
 - SME call: same schedule; budget: 15 M (data + language)
- **Call-10,** R&D, objective 4.1:
 - a) cross-media content analytics
 - b) high-quality machine translation
 - c) speech-enabled multimodal interaction
- SME-Call, innovation, objective 4.3:
 - b) **industrialisation** of promising ("intelligence") technologies, field validation, business models & exploitation paths



SME call:

4.3.b Easing transfer and take-up of LT

... bringing [selected] LT closer to commercial maturity through an "industrialisation" process including but not limited to:

- (i) engineering of promising but commercially untested technologies
- (ii) integration within existing or upcoming products and services;
- (iii) first-use experimentation and validation;
- (iv) *in-depth assessment* along technical, user related and economic dimensions;
- (v) *identification* of possible exploitation paths and viable business models, and of suitable sources of funding.



new programmes, 2014+

- research (H2020)
 - innovation (H2020)
 - infrastructure (CEF)



H2020 2014-2020:

- research & innovation; budget (EC prop): 80 B,
 ~20% for ICT
 - science (including FET)
 - technologies (most of the mainstream ICT themes)
 - societal challenges (e.g. health, ageing, education...)
- on-going discussions with Council & EP
 - outcome depends on concomitant discussion of MFF (= money for all EU policies)
- meanwhile, early priorities & operations by Q1 2013
 - first series of calls towards Q4 2013



CEF 2014-2020:

- **TEN model:** pan-European, public-interest infrastructures
- 3 pillars: Transport, Energy & ICT (9 B proposed)
- for ICT: (i) Broadband & (ii) *Digital Service Platforms*
 - eGovernment services, eHealth, eCulture...
 - Multilingual Access to online Services (new)
- aim is to "enable service providers to offer their content & services in as many languages as possible..."
 - core platform (hub) + general-purpose tools & data sets + services co-developed with industry & government
- still a long way to go vis-à-vis Member States, update in the autumn



Conclusions:

- heavy competition with other policy areas
- emphasis on competitiveness, growth & jobs
- so to be successful:
 - clear & credible Res & Inn agenda
 - well understood impact on economy & society
 - well connected & mobilized community
 - broad (incl national) recognition & support